# Ageing with HIV Project – 50+



Phase: 50+ years

Conference: New challenges and unmet needs of people living with HIV/AIDS aged 50+, Berlin,

Germany, 31 March – 3 April 2016 (85 participants)

#### **Topics:**

- Co-morbidities and co-infections
- Mental health and neurocognitive abilities
- Medicines 50+
- Wellbeing and quality of life
- Specific groups; drugs, migration, transgender, women's issues
- Disclosure and stigma in healthcare
- Health policies and social care 50+
- Palliative and end of life care
- Testing 50+
- Research gaps

### Ageing with HIV 50+: Main findings



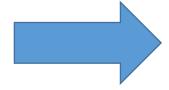
- Increasing elderly population living with HIV in Europe:
  - those diagnosed early and ageing with HIV
  - those diagnosed with HIV in older age
- Experiencing co-morbidities and co-infections
  - some of which are a consequence of HIV
  - some related to natural ageing and increased social/psychosocial barriers
  - those related to **mental health** particularly common and linked to adherence, drug abuse, ability to engage in self-care, quality of life, risk of suicide, especially in vulnerable groups (MSM and transgender)

### Ageing with HIV 50+: Main findings



HIV/TB and Ageing:

This is a neglected area with not enough knowledge or evidence



Polypharmacy, drug-drug interactions, drug toxicity, impact on pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics

HIV Drug Interactions Site (University of Liverpool)

- Not sufficiently accessed/used, available only in English

## Ageing with HIV 50+: Main findings



### Specific needs

- LGTBI especially transgender people are in a vulnerable situation
- Women's number among 50+ PLHIV is increasing, lack of research on e.g. menopause and HIV
- IDU
- Stigma and discrimination
- Discrimination experienced when consulting other health professionals (e.g. dentists)
- Complexity in care management
  - health care providers ill-equipped to absorb this complexity, missing opportunities to test and diagnose HIV (resulting in high levels of late presentations)

## Ageing with HIV 50+: Recommendations



#### **General recommendations:**

- Increase clinical research on ageing and HIV
- Enhance knowledge and history of HIV through engagement of ageing HIV peer educators
- Raise the profile of palliative & end of life care for PLHIV

#### **Co-morbidities:**

- Implement multi-morbidity screening tools targeted for ageing PLHIV
- Increase awareness of polypharmacy's impact on ageing, increasing the risk of co-morbidities, drug-drug interactions, toxicities
- Campaign for TB as an overlooked condition

## Ageing with HIV 50+: Recommendation:



### **Specific needs:**

 Train clinicians and empower PLHIV for increased knowledge of special groups and their needs, especially women (example: menopause)

### Stigma and discrimination:

- Advocate for equality of PLHIV and equal partnerships in care to improve quality of life
- Campaign to reduce stigma and discrimination for key populations targeting health care professionals (using evidence from Stigma Index)

## Ageing with HIV 50+: Recommendations



### **Care management:**

- Change the delivery of existing services from a single-disease management model into a multi-dimensional programme of care
- Assess the existing services in light of knowledge on ageing with HIV, including also social services
- Increase HIV testing across Europe to reduce late presentations